#### Keynote III







European DAO Workshop (DAWO24)

*Power & Participation in DAOs* 

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## Power and participation in DAOs

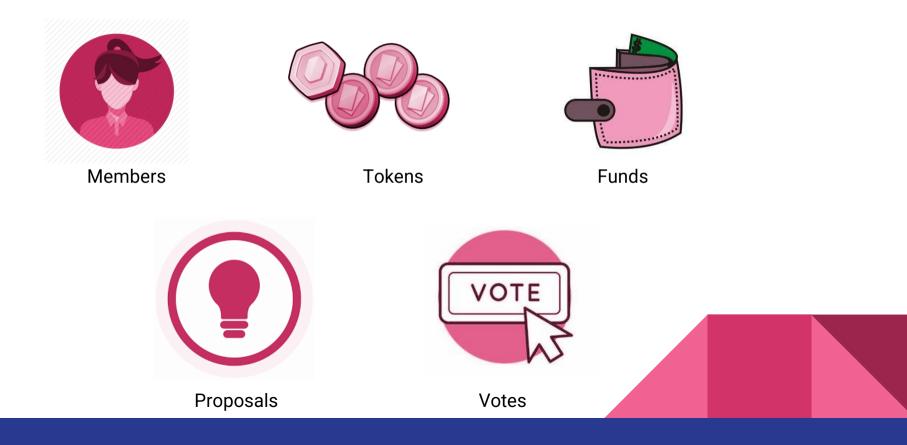
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- I am Associate Professor of the Universidad Complutense de Madrid
- The research team stems from the ERC starting grant P2P models
  - Funded by the EU and led by Samer Hassan
- We are interested in DAOs as governance tools that led to sustainable and fair organizations



#### **DAOs usual features**



### What is known about the DAOsphere?

Thousands of DAOs manage over \$25B collectively

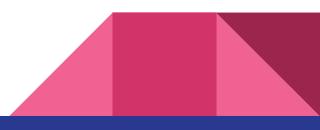
Existing literature focuses on single cases or small subsets

There is a lack of large-scale studies on DAOs

Aims

Create a DAO census

Characterize power concentration and participation



## DAO census (August 2023)



6 DAO platforms 10.5K deployments 5M voters 21.6M votes

**ZENCIO** <u>https://zenodo.org/records/10794916</u>

#### Size (in number of voters)

DAO size (# voters)	Aragon	DAOHaus	DAOstack	Realms	Snapshot	Tally	Total
[2, 10]	388	312	22	304	3,760	531	5,317
(10, 100]	69	74	9	48	3,156	51	3,407
(100, 1K]	3	4	2	7	1,494	18	1,528
(1K, 10K]	0	1	0	2	239	4	246
(10K, 100K]	0	0	0	0	35	4	39
(100K, 1M]	0	0	0	0	3	0	3
(1M, 10M]	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Total	460	391	33	361	8,688	608	10,541





The majority of DAOs are small (<10members ~50%) or moderate (<100 ~33%)

Some DAOs are significantly larger

This duality is similar to that in wiki-based and open-source communities

Extremely successful projects are sustained by huge-communities



## Voting activity

DAO size	# Proposals		Proposals a voter		Voter turnout		
(# voters)			particip	ates in (*)	across proposals (*)		
	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	
[2, 10]	7.46	2	65.90%	65%	36.93%	33.33%	
(10, 100]	15.96	5	45.43%	38.66%	16.64%	7.69%	
(100, 1K]	25.10	7	39.10%	27.23%	9.42%	2.56%	
(1K, 10K]	199.17	18.5	21.14%	13.17%	1.72%	0%	
(10K, 100K]	52	20	23.98%	17.26%	9.46%	3.80%	
(100K, 1M]	934.33	58	37.65%	12.81%	0.45%	0.05%	
(1M, 10M]	2	2	54.14%	54.14%	54.14%	54.14%	

For metrics with (\*), we first compute the mean value for each DAO, and then we compute the summary statistic for the DAOs within each size category

## Voting activity

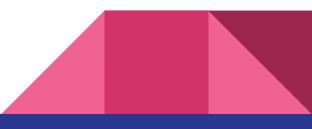
Participation decreases as DAO size increases

Voter turnout is extremely low in large DAOs

Still some DAOs exhibit high activity levels Passive members are also common in peer production communities

Participation demands a high cost (expertise, reputation, time, money,...)

Visibility of ongoing results and disparity in voting weight affects



## Activity lifespan

	Lifespa	an in days	Abandonment rate		
		Ļ	$\downarrow$		
DAO size	-	/w the first st proposal	DAOs w/o proposals in the last 6 months		
(# voters)	Mean	Median	In the last o months		
[2, 10]	57	0	2,972 (55.90%)		
(10, 100]	122	29	1,759 (51.63%)		
(100, 1K]	219	127	828 (54.19%)		
(1K, 10K]	405	414	70 (28.46%)		
(10K, 100K]	380	353	4 (10.26%)		
(100K, 1M]	400	447	1 (33.33%)		
(1M, 10M]	44	44	0 (0.0%)		

We rely on medians as distributions are highly skewed

## Activity lifespan

DAOs are akin to startups ~ high failure rates

DAOs grapple with the blockchain limitations and problems

Hype and testing contribute to high abandonment rates

Failure is typical in decentralized online projects (FLOSS and wikis)

Decentralized online projects are extremely frail

Abandonment partially explain low activity (i.e. voting) rates

#### Voting power distribution

DAO size (# voters)	Gini of the DAO's		Voters with > 50% of		
	voting power		DAO's v	voting power	# whales to
	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	control the DAO
[2, 10]	0.199	0.0	58.69%	57.14%	~2- 6
(10, 100]	0.447	0.530	25.50%	17.65%	~2 - 17
(100, 1K]	0.570	0.680	14.94%	6.72%	~7-70
(1K, 10K]	0.743	0.895	8.76%	1.33%	~13-133
(10K, 100K]	0.756	0.975	10.66%	0.11%	~11-110
(100K, 1M]	0.897	0.965	0.47%	0.04%	~40-400
(1M, 10M]	0.0	0.0	50%	50%	

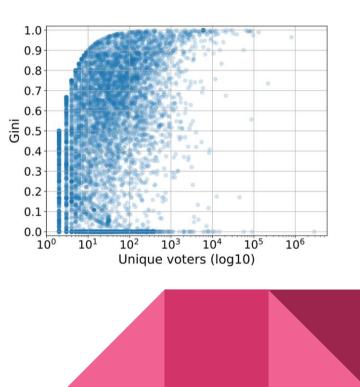


#### Power inequality and DAO size

Is power inequality a consequence of size?

As DAOs grow, power concentration allows them to be operative ~ oligarchies

Similar to what happens in wikis and FLOSS projects ~ iron law



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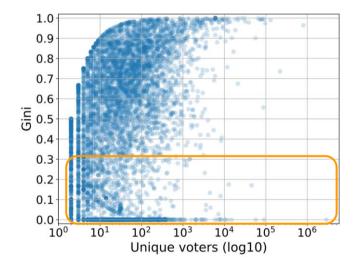
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Still many DAOs of different sizes are egalitarian

Examples of truly decentralized governance



#### **Open questions**

Wikipedia only works in practice, in theory it's a total disaster

DAOs are able to run projects or businesses in a decentralized manner

Research is needed to understand how they work and the obstacles they face

How strategic vision emerges in a decentralized manner?

How they cope with low participation rates? Is it an obstacle?

How differ unequal and Egalitarian DAOs?

### A call for multidisciplinary approach

DAOs as novel organizational structures brings a range of challenges

CS is not sufficient to tackle them

A multidisciplinary and experimental approach is needed

By doing so, DAOs may unlock their full potential

As a sustainable way for decentralized and open project governance

Empowering users to self-organize in diverse projects

Reaching beyond their current techie and DeFi niche

# Thank you!